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How to Read and Study the Bible Lesson Three – Part 1: How We Got the Old Testament

Lesson Three Topics

- ➤ Reflection Questions
- > Key Terms and Definitions
- ➤ Introduction to How We Got the Old Testament
 - Canon and Canonization
 - ➤ Development of the English Bible
- > Ancient Writings
- Checking for Understanding Questions

Reflection Questions

- A. What professions are governed by a set of authoritative and determinative standards, rules, principles, and criterion on which their practices are judged?
- B. What reasons do many people give for favoring the King James Version of the Bible over other English versions or translations?

Key Terms

ApocryphaDeterminativeMartin LutherAuthoritativeEnglish BibleTranslationsAuthenticHebrew BibleVersions

Canon Johannes Guttenberg William Tyndale

Canonization

Lesson Introduction

Canon and Canonization
This lesson is about how the Old Testament came to be in the form that we have it
today. This deals with the of the canon of the Old Testament
and the by which the final list of books were determined to be
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Historically Canon of Scripture is interpreted "measuring rod or rule" from the
Greek transliteration kanon. The term used also in a large sense for a list or
catalogue. gradually acquired a technical meaning for the Official books containing
the rules of the Christian faith. Oxford Dictionary of the Christian Church
Canon is defined in the Oxford Dictionary as 1) a general law, rule, principle,
or criterion by which something is judged, and 2) a collection or list of sacred
books accepted as
William Barclay (a highly regarded 20 th century New Testament scholar) provides
a comprehensive description of the word canon:
The canon of Scripture is that list of books which have been accepted as the
Christian Church's rule of faith; it is the list of the 'official' books of the
Church; it is the list of books which the church regards as authoritative and
determinative for the story of its own history, and for the formation of its life
and doctrine.
In this sense the word canon and canonical which already has been
employed by Orien came into general use in the 4 th century.
Canonization is the process used by the and
ancient to decide which books were
authoritative.
There is another set of writings that were not included in the Old or New
Testaments called the This means "things which ought to be
Testaments called the This means "things which ought to be kept and away."

Some Christians read a	nd study the <i>Apoc</i>	erypha and regard them as	
In the		tradition we do not re	egard the
Apocrypha as authorita	tive, nor do the _	tradition we do not re	
1 11		erms of understanding the I the New Testament era.	events that took
People of the	and	faiths beli	eve that the
Bible is the Word of Go	od.		
It teaches us how to liv	e a life of	and	before
Him (1 Peter 1:16-17)			
Checking Your Progr 1. What does the word			
2. What does the word	canonization refe	er to?	
		ancient writings that were	
		e <i>Apocrypha</i> authoritative	
-			

Development of the English Bible – Translations

"Translation Is nothing more than transferring the message of the one language into another language. Translations are necessary for people who speak a language other than Greek or Hebrew to understand what God is saying through his Word." (Grasping God's Word, Duvall and Hays)

How did we come to have the English Bible in the form that we have it today?							
t came to us over a period of several Dates hat the writings were believed to have been written vary by scholars. [See the chart entitled "Sections of the Canon – The Holy Scriptures"]							
The early Christian leader Jerome translated the Bible into Latin around AD 400. This was known as the vulgate from a Latin word which means common for a 1000 years churches in British Isles used this Bible. Tohn Wycliffe is credited with the first translation of the Bible in English. The Wycliffe Bible (New Testament in 1380) This was a word for word translation from Latin to English. John Purvey produced a second that dominated the scene for 200 years until William Tyndale. English New Testament in 1526 based on the Greek Text. (Grasping God's Word, Duvall and Hays)							
The fact is, that many modern English versions are very helpful in understanding the original Greek and Hebrew texts of the Bible.							
The King James Version first appeared in It was well received. Several years passed before English-speaking							
Christians finally accepted it as the Scriptures.							
The New Oxford American Dictionary defines the term <i>version</i> as 1) a particular form of something differing in certain respects from an earlier form or other forms of the same type of thing, i.e., "A revised version of the paper was produced for a later meeting," or 2) a particular edition or translation of a book or other work, "The English version will be published next year."							

The New Oxford American Dictionary defines the term *translation* as 1) the process of translating [interpreting, converting, explaining] words or text from one language into another, or 2) a written or spoken rendering [interpretation] of the meaning of a word, speech, book, or other text, in another language.

Note: The first thing to know about selecting a Bible is that there is a big difference between the Bible <i>version</i> or <i>translation</i> and the <i>format</i> used by publishers to market the Bible.
Duvall, J. Scott; Hays, J. Daniel. Grasping God's Word, Fourth Edition (p. 3). Zondervan Academic. Kindle Edition.
Later in this introductory study about how to read and study the Bible, we will discuss how to choose a Bible version, translation, and format that best fits your purpose or need.
Checking Your Progress—
5. Over what period of time did the English Bible come to us?
6. What do many English-speaking people believe about the King James Version of the Bible?
7. How was the King James Version initially received by English-speaking people?
Ancient Writings In the ancient world of the Old and New Testaments, preserving something in writing was a tedious and time-consuming process.
Books were written and copied by hand, and it was not until the invention of the around 1455 by Johannes Gutenberg that modern publishing was born. He printed the first Bible in 1455.

Within a few years of the invention of the printing press, several new of the Bible were published (Martin Luther – German version, and William Tyndale – English version).				
dead	ing the Bible accessible in language form turned out to be a ly endeavor. William Tyndale was arrested and executed for violating a law prohibited printing the Bible in this way.			
_	cking Your Progress—			
8.	When did the King James Version of the Bible first appear?			
9.	Who printed the first Bible?			
10.	Who published the first English Bible translation?			

Sections of the Canon - The Holy Scriptures The Hebrew and English Classifications

HEBREW NAMES FOR THE BOOKS	HEBREW ARRANGEMENT AND CLASSIFICATION	ENGLISH ARRANGEMENT AND CLASSIFICATION	APPROXIMATE DATES CONCERNED	
In the beginning These are the names, And He called In the wilderness These are the words	TORAH Genesis Exodus Leviticus Numbers Deuteronomy	Genesis LAW Exodus (Pentateuch) Leviticus Numbers Deuteronomy	The Beginning to 1406 B.C.	
Joshua Judges Ruth I Samuel II Samuel I Kings II Kings	Joshua Judges FORMER I Samuel PROPHETS II Samuel I Kings II Kings	Joshua Judges Ruth I Samuel HISTORY II Samuel I Kings II Kings I Chronicles II Chronicles Ezra Nehemiah Esther	1406-1380 B.C. 1380-1050 B.C. 1200-1150 B.C. 1100-1010 B.C. 1010-971 B.C. 971-853 B.C. 853-560 B.C. 1010-971 B.C. 971-539 B.C. 539-450 B.C. 445-410 B.C. 483-474 B.C.	
Isaiah Jeremiah Ezekiel Hosea Joel Amos Obadiah Jonah Micah Nahum Habakkuk Zephaniah	Isaiah Jeremiah Ezekiel Hosea Joel Amos Obadiah LATTER Jonah PROPHETS Micah Nahum Habakkuk Zephaniah	Job Psalms Proverbs Ecclesiastes Song of Solomon POETRY and WISDOM	No specific historical period covered.	

Sections of the Canon - The Holy Scriptures The Hebrew and English Classifications

Haggai		Haggai				
Zechariah		Zechariah				
Malachi		Malachi				
Praises		Psalms]	Isaiah	739-700 B.	.C.
Job		Job		Jeremiah	627-580 B.	C.
Proverbs		Proverbs]	Lamentations	586 B.C.	
Ruth		Ruth]	Ezekiel	593-570 B.	C.
Song of Songs		Song of Solomon]	Daniel	605-530 B.	C.
The Preacher	THE	Ecclesiastes		MAJOR		
How!	WRITINGS	Lamentations		PROPHETS		
Esther	(Hagiographa)	Esther				
Daniel		Daniel				
Ezra		Ezra				
Nehemiah		Nehemiah				
I The Words of the Days		I Chronicles				
II The Words of the Days		II Chronicles				
			ŀ	Iosea	760-730 B.	.C.
			J	oel	500 B.C.	
				Amos	760 B.C.	
			(Obadiah	500 B.C.	
			J	onah MINOR	770 B.C.	
				Micah PROPHETS	737-690 B.	
				Jahum	650 B.C.	
				Iabakkuk	630 B.C.	
				Zephaniah	627 B.C.	
				Iaggai	520 B.C.	
				Zechariah	520-518 B.	
			N	Malachi	433 B.C.	

NOTE: The gray shaded area is associated with the English Bible.

[Source: Walton, John H. 2019. Chronological and Background Charts of the Old Testament. Grand Rapids, MI: Zondervan Academic. Accessed through LOGOS Bible Software 4-17-2023]